

"The most important investment you can make is in **yourself**."

$$\int \frac{a}{a} \times \sqrt{b} = \sqrt{a \times b}
 \frac{\sqrt{a}}{\sqrt{b}} = \sqrt{\frac{a}{b}}$$

Be careful...

 $\int \frac{a}{a} + \int \frac{b}{b} \neq \int \frac{a}{a} + \frac{b}{b}$ $\int \frac{a}{a} - \int \frac{b}{b} \neq \int \frac{a}{a} - \frac{b}{b}$

Important rules Learn by heart...

$1^2 = 1 \times 1$	= 1
$2^2 = 2 \times 2$	= 4
$3^2 = 3 \times 3$	= 9
$4^2 = 4 \times 4$	= 16
$5^2 = 5 \times 5$	= 25
$6^2 = 6 \times 6$	= 36
$7^2 = 7 \times 7$	= 49
$8^2 = 8 \times 8$	= 64
$9^2 = 9 \times 9$	= 81
$10^2 = 10 \times 10$	= 100
$11^2 = 11 \times 11$	= 121
$12^2 = 12 \times 12$	= 144
$13^2 = 13 \times 13$	= 169
$14^2 = 14 \times 14$	= 196
$15^2 = 15 \times 15$	= 225





 $\sqrt{a} \times \sqrt{b} = \sqrt{a \times b}$

What's the answer

$\sqrt{2} \times \sqrt{2} =$





 $\sqrt{a} \times \sqrt{b} = \sqrt{a \times b}$

What's the answer

$\sqrt{7} \times \sqrt{7} =$





 $\sqrt{a} \times \sqrt{b} = \sqrt{a \times b}$

What's the answer

$\sqrt{919} \times \sqrt{919} =$



Expanding brackets with surds Expanding brackets

Expand and simplify

$$2(x + 4)$$



Expanding brackets with surds Expanding brackets

Expand and simplify

$$(x + 2)(x + 4)$$



<u>My turn</u>

Evaluate without a calculator

 $\sqrt{2}(\sqrt{8} + \sqrt{50})$

<u>Your turn</u>

Evaluate without a calculator

 $\sqrt{3}(\sqrt{12} + \sqrt{27})$



<u>My turn</u>

Express in the form $a + b\sqrt{3}$

 $(4 + \sqrt{3})(1 + 2\sqrt{3})$

State the values of *a* and *b*.

<u>Your turn</u>

Express in the form $a + b\sqrt{5}$

 $(2 + \sqrt{5})(3 + 4\sqrt{5})$

State the values of *a* and *b*.



<u>My turn</u>

Express in the form $a + b\sqrt{3}$ $(5 + 3\sqrt{3})^2$

State the values of *a* and *b*.

<u>Your turn</u>

Express in the form $a + b\sqrt{5}$

 $(7 + 2\sqrt{5})^2$

State the values of *a* and *b*.



<u>My turn</u>

Express in the form $a + b\sqrt{3}$ $(2\sqrt{3} - 1)^2$

State the values of *a* and *b*.

<u>Your turn</u>

Express in the form $a + b\sqrt{5}$

 $(3\sqrt{5} - 2)^2$

State the values of *a* and *b*.



<u>My turn</u>

Simplify

$$(\sqrt{7} - 1)(\sqrt{7} + 1)$$

<u>Your turn</u>

Simplify

 $(\sqrt{11} - 2)(\sqrt{11} + 2)$



Expanding brackets with surds Difference of two squares

$$(\boldsymbol{a} + \boldsymbol{b})(\boldsymbol{a} - \boldsymbol{b}) = \boldsymbol{a}^2 - \boldsymbol{b}^2$$

$$(\boldsymbol{a} - \boldsymbol{b})(\boldsymbol{a} + \boldsymbol{b}) = \boldsymbol{a}^2 - \boldsymbol{b}^2$$

A hegartymaths

<u>My turn</u>

Simplify

$$(2 + \sqrt{5})(2 - \sqrt{5})$$

<u>Your turn</u>

Simplify

$$(8 + \sqrt{7})(8 - \sqrt{7})$$



<u>My turn</u>

Simplify

 $(6 - 4\sqrt{2})(6 + 4\sqrt{2})$

<u>Your turn</u>

Simplify

 $(10 - 3\sqrt{5})(10 + 3\sqrt{5})$



Review Exercise

- 1. Evaluate without a calculator. $\sqrt{5}(\sqrt{20} + \sqrt{45})$
- 2. Express in the form $a + b\sqrt{2}$. (5 + $\sqrt{2}$)(6 + 3 $\sqrt{2}$) State the values of *a* and *b*.
- 3. Express in the form $a + b\sqrt{6}$. $(4 + 2\sqrt{6})^2$ State the values of *a* and *b*.
- 4. Express in the form $a + b\sqrt{7}$. $(2\sqrt{7} - 3)^2$ State the values of *a* and *b*.

- 5. Simplify $(\sqrt{13} 2)(\sqrt{13} + 2)$
- 6. Simplify $(7 + \sqrt{6})(7 \sqrt{6})$
- 7. Simplify $(9 5\sqrt{3})(9 + 5\sqrt{3})$



Review Exercise (Answers)

- 1. Evaluate without a calculator. $\sqrt{5}(\sqrt{20} + \sqrt{45})$ 25
- 2. Express in the form $a + b\sqrt{2}$. $36 + 21\sqrt{2}$ (5 + $\sqrt{2}$)(6 + $3\sqrt{2}$) State the values of *a* and *b*. b = 21
- 3. Express in the form $a + b\sqrt{6}$. $40 + 16\sqrt{6}$ $(4 + 2\sqrt{6})^2$ a = 40State the values of *a* and *b*. b = 16
- 4. Express in the form $a + b\sqrt{7}$. 37 $12\sqrt{7}$ $(2\sqrt{7} - 3)^2$ a = 37State the values of *a* and *b*. b = -12

- 5. Simplify $(\sqrt{13} 2)(\sqrt{13} + 2)$ 9
- 6. Simplify $(7 + \sqrt{6})(7 \sqrt{6})$ 43

7. Simplify (9 -
$$5\sqrt{3}$$
)(9 + $5\sqrt{3}$) 6